- (2) A description of any evidence which supports allegations of liability under 31 U.S.C. 3802, or where applicable, a description of any evidence that tends to support a conclusion that such statute has not been violated;
- (3) An estimate of the amount of money or the value of property or services allegedly requested or demanded in violation of 31 U.S.C. 3802;
- (4) A statement of any exculpatory or mitigating circumstances which may relate to the claims or statements under investigation;
- (5) A statement of the amount of penalties and assessments that, considering the information described in paragraphs (c) (3) and (4) of this section, the Investigating Official recommends be demanded from the person alleged to be liable; and
- (6) An estimate of the prospects of collecting the amount specified in paragraph (c)(5) of this section, and any reasons supporting such estimate.
- (d) Nothing in these regulations modifies any responsibility of the Investigating Official to report violations of criminal law to the Attorney General

[52 FR 12901, Apr. 20, 1987, as amended at 56 FR 55825, Oct. 30, 1991]

## § 273.6 Evaluation by reviewing official.

- (a) Based upon the investigatory report prepared by the Investigating Offical, the Reviewing Official shall determine whether there is adequate evidence to believe that a person is liable under 31 U.S.C. 3802, and , if so, whether prosecution would likely result in the imposition and collection of civil penalties and applicable assessments.
- (b) If the Reviewing Offical determines that a case has merit and should be referred to the Judicial Officer for assignment to a Presiding Officer, he must first transmit to the Attorney General a written notice containing the following information:
- (1) A statement setting forth the Reviewing Official's reasons for proposing to refer the case to a Presiding Officer;
- (2) A description of the claims or statements for which liability under 31 U.S.C. 3802 is alleged;

- (3) A statement specifying the evidence that supports the allegations of liability;
- (4) An estimate of the amount of money or the value of property or services allegedly requested or demanded in violation of 31 U.S.C. 3802;
- (5) A statement of any exculpatory or mitigating circumstances which may relate to the claims or statements under investigation;
- (6) A statement of the amount of penalties and assessments that, considering the factors listed in paragraphs (b)(4) and (5) of this section, the Reviewing Official recommends be demanded from the person alleged to be liable; and
- (7) A statement that, in the opinion of the Reviewing Official, there is a reasonable prospect of collecting the amount specified in paragraph (b)(6) of this section and the reasons supporting such statement.
- (c) No allegations of liability under 31 U.S.C. 3802 with respect to any claim made, presented, or submitted by any person shall be referred to the Judicial Officer if the Reviewing Official determines that (1) an amount of money in excess of \$150,000; or (2) property or service with a value in excess of \$150,000 is requested or demanded in violation of section 3802 in such claim or in a group of related claims which are submitted at the time such claim is submitted.

## § 273.7 Concurrence of Attorney General.

- (a) The Attorney General is required by 31 U.S.C. 3803(b) to respond to the Reviewing Official's written notice described in §273.6 within 90 days. The Reviewing Official may refer allegations of liability to the Judicial Officer only if the Attorney General or his designee approves such action in a written statement which specifies:
- (1) That the Attorney General or his designee approves the referral to the Judicial Officer of the allegations of liability set forth in the notice described in §273.6; and
- (2) That the initiation of a proceeding under the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act is appropriate.
- (b) If at any time after the Attorney General approves the referral of a case